## Modeling the central North Pacific ecosystem response to predicted climate variations and fishery management scenarios

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## IORA

## Why look at this?

Polovina et al. 2009 paper - central North Pacific (HI Longline Fishery)

## Observed CPUE (biomass) changes over 10 years

## \%Target Species <br> \%Incidental Species

## Can we look forward?

## Climate

Have GFDL data to 2100

Ecosystem
Build EwE model for CNP

F=1X
$F=2 X$


$$
F=0.5 X
$$

Do we expect trend to continue?

Increases in the relative abundance of mid-trophic level fishes concurrent with declines in apex predators
in the subtropical North Pacific, 1996-2006

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## Model construction

## Fishing (Top-down forcing): SPC + NOAA Longline

ETP EwE Model CNP Model FishBase Stock Assess.

## Phytoplankton (Bottom-up): GFDL ESM2.1 A2 NPZ projection

First: Ecosim run 1996-2006

Recreate trends observed?

Second: Ecosim runs 2000-2100

Observe similar trends?


## Initial model run results: 1996-2006

Force PP biomass (L/SM) with GFDL (high corr w/ SeaWiFS)

Fishing effort from NOAA/SPC Monthly effort

Ecosim 1990-2010, subset 1996-2006
Compare Biomass

Target species: Fit to stock assessment biomass ( $B$ ) time series



Incidental species: Fit to fishery CPUE ( $B$ proxy) time series
Escolar (1.0000)


Mahi (1.0000)


## Ecosim runs to 2000-2100


$F=1 \times 2008$ levels
$F=2 X 2008$ levels
$F=0.5 \times 2008$ levels


## Results: F = 1X2008

## 2000-2020



## \%Incidental Species

## 2080-2100



## \%Incidental Species



## $F=2008$

## Example Targets

Bigeye tuna 60\% biomass decrease Swordfish 40\% biomass decrease

## Example Incidentals

Snake Mackerel 150\% biomass increase Escolar small biomass increase



## $F=2 X 2008$

## 2080-2100

## 2000-2020



## \%Incidental Species




## Example Targets

Bigeye tuna 100\% biomass decrease Swordfish 95\% biomass decrease

## Example Incidentals

Snake Mackerel 200\% biomass increase Escolar 200\% biomass increase



## $F=0.5 \times 2008$

## 

## \%Target Species

## \%Incidental Species

## 2080-2100

## \%Target Species <br> \%Incidental Species



## $F=0.5 X 2008$

## Example Targets

Bigeye tuna 20\% biomass decrease Swordfish 35\% biomass decrease

## Example Incidentals

Snake Mackerel 100\% biomass increase
Escolar tiny biomass increase


## Fishing scenario comparison

## Grouped biomass snapshots at 2020, 2050, 2100

Target Species
(e.g. Tunas, Billfish)

Fishing 1X,2X: Larger split target/incidental species

Incidental Species (mid-TL)
(e.g. Snake Mackerel, Escolar, Mahi)

Fishing 0.5X: Comp. decrease in species over time



$F=0.5 \times 2008$

Target
Incidental


## Fishing scenario comparison



Overall view: almost all species decline in any scenario

Fishing 1X,2X: More effort affects T/I ratio

Fishing 0.5X: Species decrease yet no ratio change


## Summary and Future Work

GFDL climate scenario: $\sim 18 \%$ drop in phytoplankton in HLFG. Bottom-up forcing = projected species decrease

Climate effects compounded by top-down fishing pressure. This results in lower projected target species B and T/I ratio

Based on projected results would recommend decrease in fishing effort in HLFG to preserve T/I ratio and decrease biomass reduction of target species

Continue to refine model where necessary, and understand sensitivities/uncertainties ("Peterman complex")

Future: Incorporate fishery yield and projected cost/loss based on model results (trade-offs)

## What' \& for diumer?



2000-2020
2080-2100

